

For number 1 - 12, describe the transformation(s) of each function.

1.  $g(x) = (x-2)^2 + 5$

Right 2  
Up 5

2.  $g(x) = -|x| + 3$

x-axis reflection  
up 3

3.  $g(x) = 4x - 2$

vertical stretch  
down 2

4.  $g(x) = \frac{3}{x-1}$

Vertical stretch [Further from asym]  
Right 1

5.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 4$

Vertical Compression  
Down 4

6.  $g(x) = -\sqrt{x+1}$

x-axis reflection  
Left 1

7.  $g(x) = -x^2 + 4$

x-axis reflection  
up 4

8.  $g(x) = |x+4|$

Left 4

9.  $g(x) = (x-1)^2$

Right 1

10.  $g(x) = -(x+2)^3 - 1$

x-axis reflection  
Left 2  
down 1

11.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x+2} + 5$

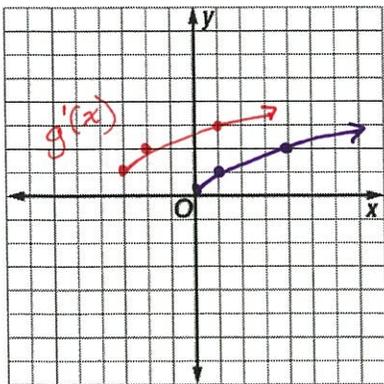
Left 2  
Up 5

12.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x} - 10$

Vertical compression  
Down 10

Use the parent function of  $g(x)$  to graph each function. This should be done without a graphing calculator.

13.  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+3} + 1$



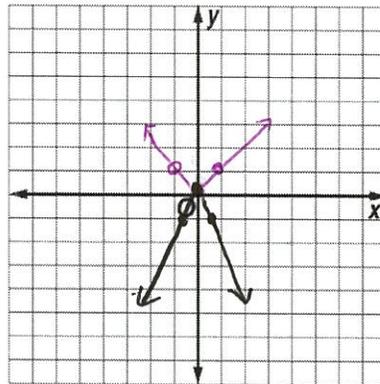
x	y
0	0
1	1
4	2

Parent function:  $\sqrt{x}$

x	y
-3	1
-2	2
1	3

Transformed function:  $\sqrt{x+3} + 1$

14.  $g(x) = -|2x|$



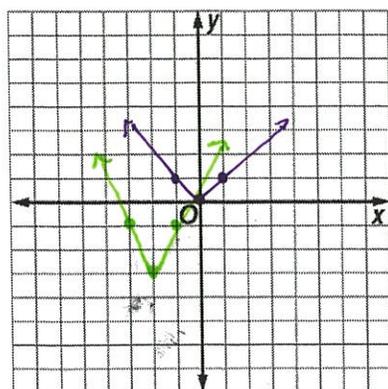
x	y
-1	1
0	0
1	1

Parent function:  $-|x|$

x	y
-0.5	1
0	0
0.5	1

Transformed function:  $-|2x|$

15.  $g(x) = 2|x+2| - 3$



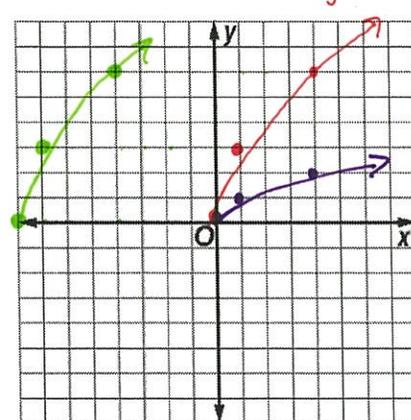
x	y
-1	1
0	0
1	1

Parent function:  $|x|$

x	y
-1	2
0	0
1	2

Transformed function:  $2|x+2| - 3$

16.  $g(x) = 3\sqrt{x+8}$



x	y
0	0
1	1
4	2

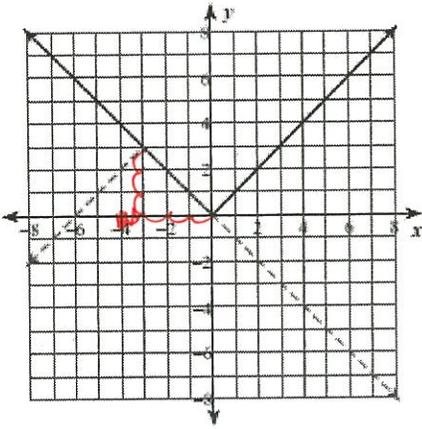
Parent function:  $\sqrt{x}$

x	y
-8	0
-7	3
-4	6

Transformed function:  $3\sqrt{x+8}$

The parent function is graphed as the solid line, and the transformed function is graphed as the dashed line. Write an equation for the transformed function.

19.



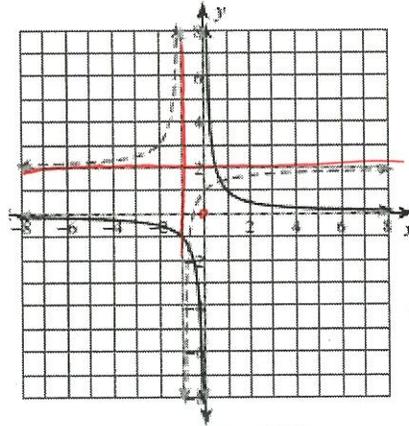
upside down

L3

U3

$$y = -|x+3| + 3$$

20.



L1, U2

opposite quadrants

$$y = \frac{-1}{x+1} + 2$$