

Name: Key

Area Under a Curve and Integration

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \Delta x$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$$

$$x_i = a + i \Delta x$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n c = cn$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$$

1) Evaluate $\int_{-2}^1 2x dx$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1 - (-2)}{n} = \frac{3}{n}$$

$$x_i = -2 + i \left(\frac{3}{n} \right)$$

$$= -2 + \frac{3i}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(x_i) \left(\frac{3}{n} \right)$$

$$\lim \sum 2 \left[-2 + \frac{3i}{n} \right] \left(\frac{3}{n} \right)$$

$$\lim \sum \left(-\frac{12}{n} + \frac{18i}{n^2} \right)$$

$$\lim \frac{1}{n} \left[-12 \right] + \frac{18}{n^2} \sum i$$

$$\lim \frac{1}{n} (-12n) + \frac{18}{n^2} \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right)$$

$$\lim -12 + \frac{18n+18}{2n}$$

$$\lim -12 + 9 + \frac{9}{n}$$

$$-12 + 9 + 0$$

$$(-3)$$

2) Evaluate $\int_1^2 (x^2 + 1) dx$

$$\Delta x = \frac{2-1}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \quad x_i = 1 + i \left(\frac{1}{n} \right)$$

$$= 1 + \frac{i}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[(x_i)^2 + 1 \right] \left(\frac{1}{n} \right)$$

$$\lim \sum \left[\left(1 + \frac{i}{n} \right)^2 + 1 \right] \left(\frac{1}{n} \right)$$

$$\lim \sum \left[\left(1 + \frac{2i}{n} + \frac{i^2}{n^2} \right) + 1 \right] \left(\frac{1}{n} \right)$$

$$\lim \sum \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{2i}{n^2} + \frac{i^2}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n} \right)$$

$$\lim \frac{1}{n} \sum 1 + \frac{2}{n^2} \sum i + \frac{1}{n^3} \sum i^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum 1$$

$$\lim \frac{1}{n} (n) + \frac{2}{n^2} \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{n^3} \left(\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \right) + \frac{1}{n} (n)$$

$$\lim 1 + \frac{2n+2}{2n} + \frac{2n^2+3n+1}{6n^2} + 1$$

$$1 + 1 + 0 + \frac{1}{3} + 0 + 0 + 1$$

$$3\frac{1}{3} \text{ or } \left(\frac{10}{3} \right)$$