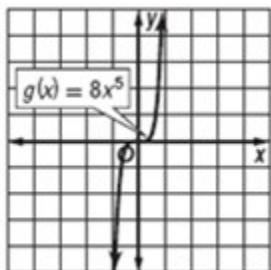


## 2-1 Power and Radical Functions

Graph and analyze each function. Describe the domain, range, intercepts, end behavior, continuity, and where the function is increasing or decreasing.

2.  $g(x) = 8x^5$

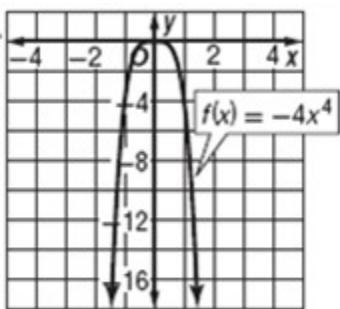
*ANSWER:*



$D = (-\infty, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, \infty)$ ; intercept: 0;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$ ; continuous for all real numbers; increasing:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

4.  $f(x) = -4x^4$

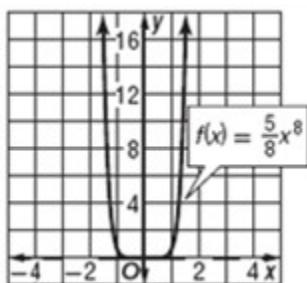
*ANSWER:*



$D = (-\infty, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, 0]$ ; intercept: 0;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -\infty$ ; continuous for all real numbers; increasing:  $(-\infty, 0)$ ; decreasing:  $(0, \infty)$

6.  $f(x) = \frac{5}{8}x^8$

*ANSWER:*

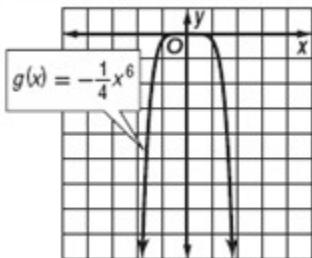


$D = (-\infty, \infty)$ ,  $R = [0, \infty)$ ; intercept: 0;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$ ; continuous for all real numbers; decreasing:  $(-\infty, 0)$ ; increasing:  $(0, \infty)$

## 2-1 Power and Radical Functions

8.  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{4}x^6$

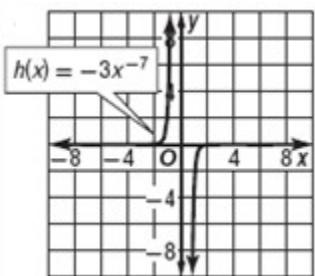
*ANSWER:*



$D = (-\infty, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, 0]$ ; intercept: 0;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -\infty$ ; continuous for all real numbers; increasing:  $(-\infty, 0)$ ; decreasing:  $(0, \infty)$

10.  $h(x) = -3x^{-7}$

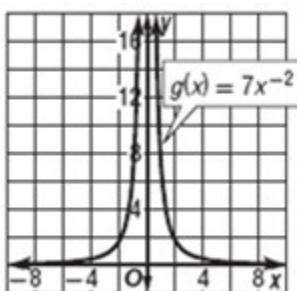
*ANSWER:*



$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ ; no intercepts;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ ; infinite discontinuity at  $x = 0$ ; increasing:  $(-\infty, 0)$  and  $(0, \infty)$

12.  $g(x) = 7x^{-2}$

*ANSWER:*

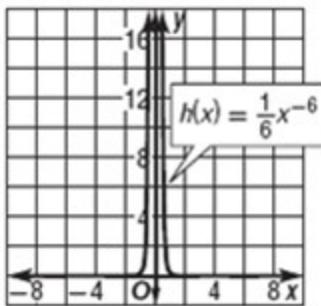


$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ ,  $R = (0, \infty)$ ; no intercepts;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ ; infinite discontinuity at  $x = 0$ ; increasing:  $(-\infty, 0)$ ; decreasing:  $(0, \infty)$

## 2-1 Power and Radical Functions

14.  $h(x) = \frac{1}{6}x^{-6}$

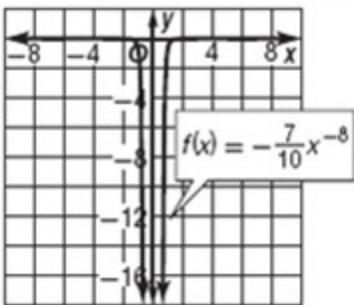
*ANSWER:*



$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ ,  $R = (0, \infty)$ ; no intercepts;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ ; infinite discontinuity at  $x = 0$ ; increasing:  $(-\infty, 0)$ ; decreasing:  $(0, \infty)$

16.  $f(x) = -\frac{7}{10}x^{-8}$

*ANSWER:*

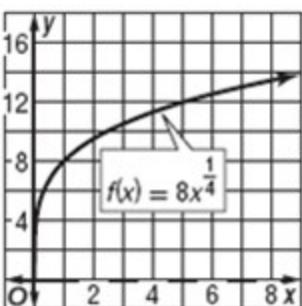


$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, 0)$ ; no intercepts;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ ; infinite discontinuity at  $x = 0$ ; decreasing:  $(-\infty, 0)$ ; increasing:  $(0, \infty)$

**Graph and analyze each function. Describe the domain, range, intercepts, end behavior, continuity, and where the function is increasing or decreasing.**

18.  $f(x) = 8x^{\frac{1}{4}}$

*ANSWER:*

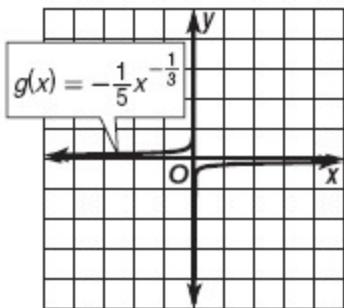


$D = [0, \infty)$ ,  $R = [0, \infty)$ ; intercept: 0;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$ ; continuous on  $[0, \infty)$ ; increasing:  $(0, \infty)$

## 2-1 Power and Radical Functions

20.  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{5}x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

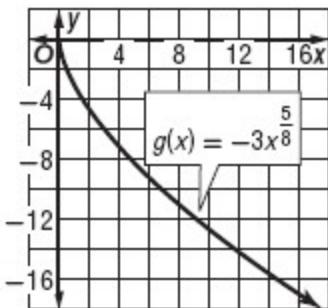
*ANSWER:*



$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ ; no intercepts;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ ; infinite discontinuity at  $x = 0$ ; increasing:  $(-\infty, 0)$  and  $(0, \infty)$

22.  $g(x) = -3x^{\frac{5}{8}}$

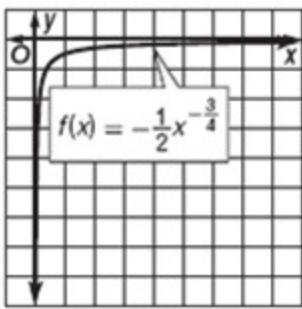
*ANSWER:*



$D = [0, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, 0]$ ; intercept: 0;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -\infty$ ; continuous on  $[0, \infty)$ ; decreasing:  $(0, \infty)$

24.  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

*ANSWER:*

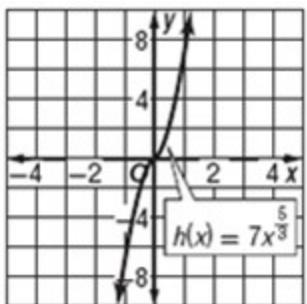


$D = (0, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, 0)$ ; no intercepts;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ ; continuous on  $(0, \infty)$ ; increasing:  $(0, \infty)$

## 2-1 Power and Radical Functions

26.  $h(x) = 7x^{\frac{5}{3}}$

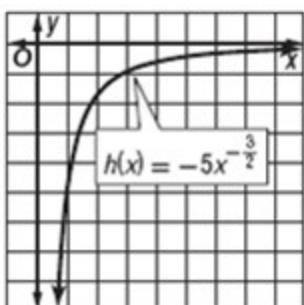
*ANSWER:*



$D = (-\infty, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, \infty)$ ; intercept: 0;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$ ; continuous for all real numbers; increasing:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

28.  $h(x) = -5x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

*ANSWER:*



$D = (0, \infty)$ ,  $R = (-\infty, 0)$ ; no intercepts;  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ ; continuous on  $(0, \infty)$ ; increasing:  $(0, \infty)$