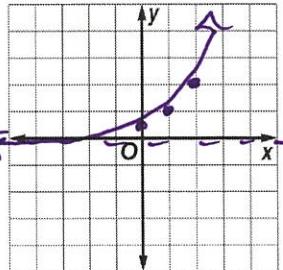


### 3-1 Practice

Without a calculator, sketch and analyze the graph of each function. State any transformations from the parent function, the domain, range, asymptote equation and end behavior.

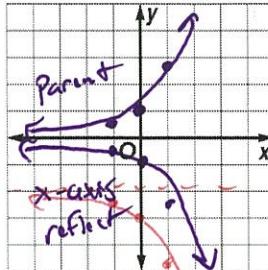
1.  $f(x) = 2^{x-1}$



$$y = 2^x$$

x	y
-1	1/2
0	1
1	2
2	4

2.  $h(x) = -e^{x-2}$



$$y = e^x$$

x	y
-1	0.4
0	1
1	2
2	4

x	y
-1	-4
0	-1
1	2.7
2	4.7

3. In 2000, the number of people in the United States was estimated at 2.81 billion. In 2015 the population was approximately 3.20 billion. Find the growth rate as a percentage rounded to the nearest hundredth.

$$3.2 = 2.81(1+r)^{15}$$

$$.87\% \quad r = .0087$$

4. Determine the amount of money in a savings account that provides an annual rate of 4% compounded a) monthly b) weekly and c) continuously, if the initial deposit is \$1000 and the money is left in the account for 5 years.

a)  $y = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.04}{12}\right)^{12(5)}$   
 $\$ 1221.00$

b)  $y = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.04}{52}\right)^{52(5)}$   
 $\$ 1221.31$

c)  $y = 1000e^{0.04(5)}$   
 $\$ 1221.40$

### 3-2 Practice

Evaluate each expression.

5.  $\log_7 7^3$   $3$

8.  $2 \ln e^5$   $(10)$

6.  $\log 0.001$   $\log_{10} 10^{-3} (-3)$

9.  $e^{\ln 0.014x}$   $.014x$

7.  $\log_8 4096$

$\log_8 8^4 (4)$

Rewrite the equation in logarithmic form.

10.  $7^2 = 49$

$z = \log_7 49$

11.  $100^{\frac{1}{2}} = 10$

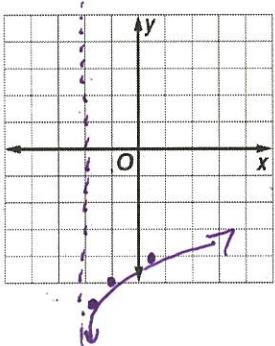
$\frac{1}{2} = \log_{100} 10$

12.  $16^{-2} = \frac{1}{256}$

$-2 = \log_6 \left(\frac{1}{256}\right)$

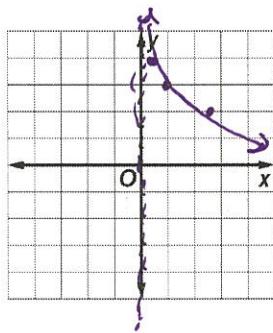
Without a calculator, sketch and analyze the graph of each function. State any transformations from the parent function, the domain, range, asymptote equation and end behavior.

13.  $g(x) = \ln(x+2) - 5$



$e^y = x$	$x$	$y$
$\cdot 4$	-1	-2
$\cdot 1$	0	-5
$2.7$	1	1
	$0.7$	$-1$
	$1.6$	$0$
	$-1.6$	$-1$
	$-0.7$	$0$
	$-1$	$-5$
	$-1.6$	$-1$
	$-2$	$1$

14.  $g(x) = -\ln x + 3$



$e^y = x$	$x$	$y$
$\cdot 4$	-1	$\frac{1}{e} \approx 0.37$
$\cdot 1$	0	$3$
$2.7$	1	$2.7$
	$0.4$	$1$
	$1$	$0$
	$2.7$	$-1$
	$-1$	$-3$
	$-0.4$	$-1$
	$-1$	$-3$
	$-2.7$	$-2$

### 3-3 Practice

Express each logarithm in terms of  $\ln 10$  and  $\ln 3$ .

15.  $\ln 300$

$\ln(10^2 \cdot 3)$

$\ln(10^2 \cdot 3)$

16.  $\ln 27000$

$\ln(27 \cdot 1000)$

$\ln(3^3 \cdot 10^3)$

$3\ln 3 + 3\ln 10$

17.  $\ln \frac{10}{9}$

$\ln \frac{10}{3^2}$

$\ln 10 - 2\ln 3$

18.  $\ln \frac{729}{10000}$

$\ln \left(\frac{3^6}{10^4}\right)$

$6\ln 3 - 4\ln 10$

Expand each expression.

19.  $\ln \frac{y(x+1)}{\sqrt[4]{z-5}}$

$\ln y + \ln(x+1) - \ln \sqrt[4]{z-5}$

$\ln y + \ln(x+1) - \frac{1}{4} \ln(z-5)$

20.  $\ln[(2x)^3(x+1)]$

$3\ln 2 + 3\ln x + \ln(x+1)$

22.  $\ln \frac{(x+1)^3}{\sqrt[3]{x+5}}$

$3\ln(x+1) - \frac{1}{3}\ln(x+5)$

Condense each expression.

23.  $\frac{1}{2} \ln(3x-5y) - \ln(4x+y)$

$\ln \frac{\sqrt{3x-5y}}{4x+y}$

24.  $3 \ln(5x+6) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(x-4)$

$\ln \frac{(5x+6)^3}{\sqrt{x-4}}$

25.  $\ln 2x - (\ln 6 - 2\ln x)$

$\ln 2x - [\ln \frac{6}{x^2}] - \ln \frac{2x \cdot x^2}{6}$

26.  $[\ln 8 + \ln x] - 2\ln(x+4)$

$\ln 8x - \ln(x+4)^2$

27.  $\ln y + \ln 3 - \frac{1}{3} \ln(x) + 2\ln z$

$\ln 3y - \ln x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \ln z^2$

28.  $\ln y + \ln x - \left(\frac{1}{2} \ln x + 3\ln z\right)$

$\ln xy - (\ln z^3 \cdot x)$

$\ln \frac{xy}{z^3 \cdot x}$

Use the change of base formula to evaluate each logarithm. Round to the nearest hundredth.

29.  $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{5}$

2.32

30.  $\log_{100} 200$

1.15