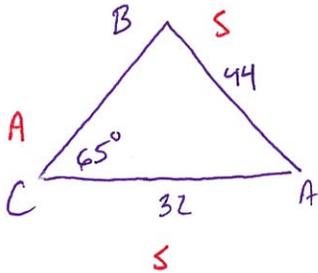


Name: Key

Law of Sine!

Sketch a triangle given the information. Then decide whether the given measurement can form exactly one triangle, two or no triangle.

1) $C = 65^\circ, c = 44, b = 32$



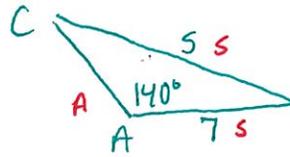
$$\frac{\sin 65^\circ}{44} = \frac{\sin B}{32}$$

$$\angle B = 41.2^\circ$$

$$180 - 41.2^\circ = 138.8^\circ$$

1 Triangle

2) $A = 140^\circ, a = 5, c = 7$

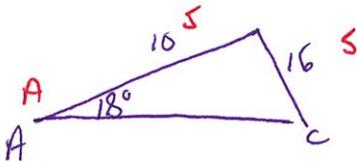


From the picture you can tell no triangle!

$$\frac{\sin 140^\circ}{5} = \frac{\sin C}{7}$$

$\angle C = 64.1^\circ$
not possible

3) $A = 18^\circ, a = 16, c = 10$



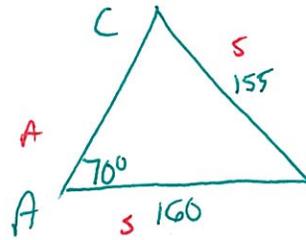
$$\frac{\sin 18^\circ}{16} = \frac{\sin C}{10}$$

$$\angle C = 11.1^\circ$$

$$168.9^\circ$$

1 Triangle

4) $A = 70^\circ, a = 155, c = 160$

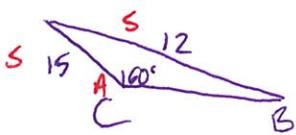


$$\frac{\sin 70^\circ}{155} = \frac{\sin C}{160}$$

$\angle C = 75.9^\circ$
OR
 $= 104.1^\circ$

2 Triangles!

5) $C = 160^\circ, c = 12, b = 15$

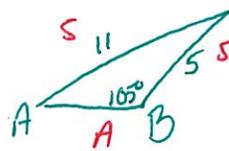


From the picture you can determine not a triangle

$$\frac{\sin 160^\circ}{12} = \frac{\sin B}{15}$$

$\angle B = 25.3^\circ$ not possible

6) $B = 105^\circ, b = 11, a = 5$

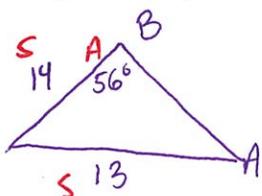


$$\frac{\sin 105^\circ}{11} = \frac{\sin A}{5}$$

$\angle A = 26^\circ$
OR
~~154~~

1 triangle

7) $B = 56^\circ, b = 13, a = 14$



$$\frac{\sin 56^\circ}{13} = \frac{\sin A}{14}$$

$\angle A = 63.2^\circ$
OR
 116.8°

2 Triangles!

8) $C = 25^\circ, c = 6, b = 20$



$$\frac{\sin 25^\circ}{6} = \frac{\sin B}{20}$$

not possible!