

Tell whether the graph opens up or down. Write an equation of the axis of symmetry.

1. $y = x^2 + 4x - 1$

$$x = -\frac{(4)}{2(1)} = -2$$

2. $y = 3x^2 + 8x - 6$

$$x = -\frac{(8)}{2(3)} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

3. $y = x^2 - 4x + 2$

$$x = -\frac{(-4)}{2(-1)} = 2$$

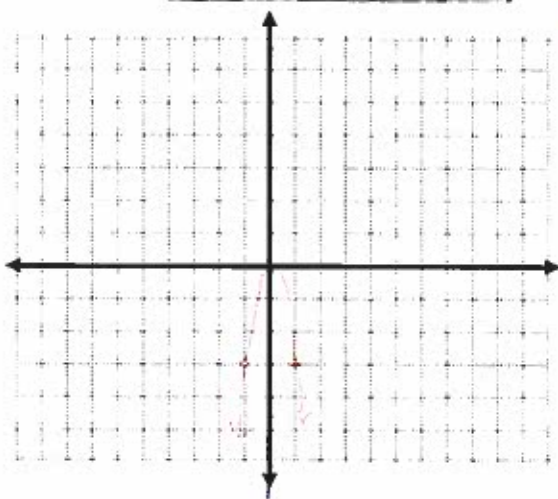
4. $y = x^2 + 4$

$$x = -\frac{(0)}{2(-1)} = 0$$

Graph the following functions. Label the vertex.

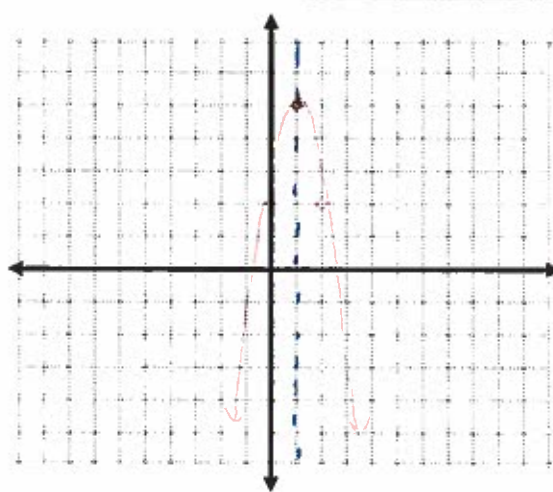
5. $y = 3x^2$

x	1	-1	2	-2
y	3	3	12	12



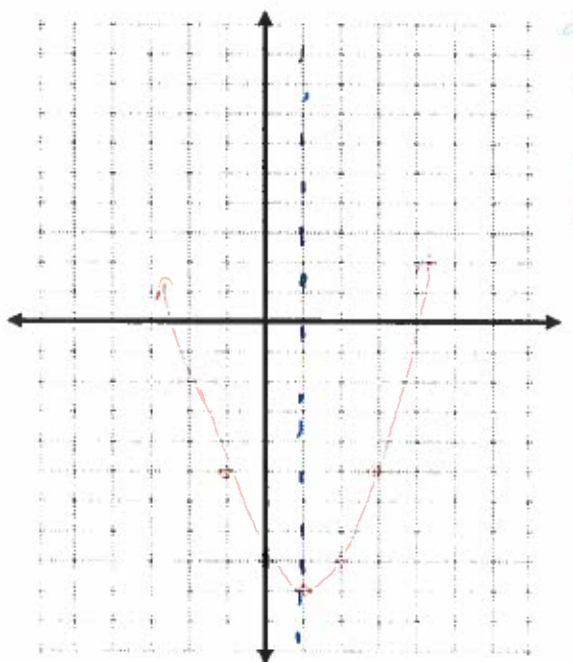
6. $y = 3x^2 + 6x + 2$

x	1	0	-1	-2
y	11	2	-1	-4



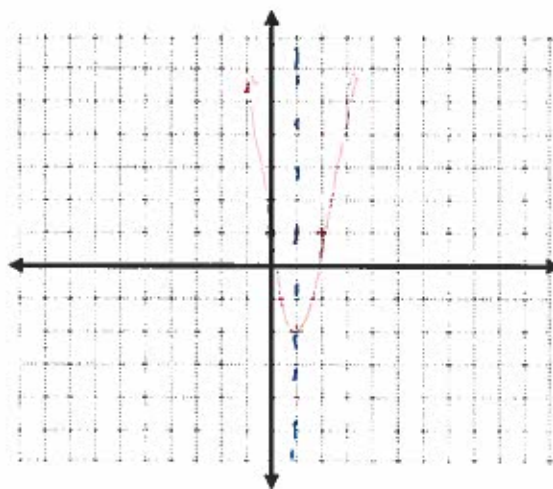
7. $y = x^2 - 2x - 8$

x	0	2	-1	3
y	-8	-8	-5	5



8. $y = 3x^2 - 6x + 1$

x	0	2	-1	3
y	1	1	-2	10



Name: Key

9.1 Standard Form

1) Sketch a graph of the function $y = x^2 - 6x + 8$.

Step 1: Put in S.F. & identify the a , b and c .

$a = 1$ $b = -6$ $c = 8$

The parabola:

circle
one

opens up
opens down

a is positive

Step 2: Plug into line of symmetry formula, $x = \frac{-b}{2a}$. (be sure to graph the vertical line)

$x = \frac{-(-6)}{2(1)} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$

$x = 3$

Step 3: Find the vertex (find the y).

$(3, -1)$

↑
plug in x

To find y , plug x into equation and solve.

$y = (3)^2 - 6(3) + 8$

$y = 9 - 18 + 8$

$y = -1$

plug in y

Step 4: Plot vertex and create an $x-y$ table. Pick one x value to the left and right of the vertex. Specifically choose values to the left and right of the ' x ' value.

x	y
2	0
4	0
1	3
5	3

Point 1

Point 2

$y = (2)^2 - 6(2) + 8$

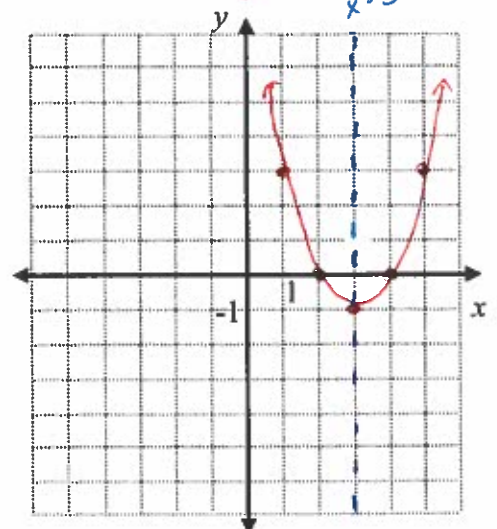
$y = 4 - 12 + 8$

$y = 0$

find on other side of axis of symm.

y -int: $(0, 8)$

a.o.s.
 $x = 3$



Step 5: Plot the points you just found and connect the points to make a parabola.

original

$y = x^2 - 6x + 8$

$y = (x-4)(x-2)$

x -int: 4, 2

a.o.s. $x = 3$

$v = (3, -1)$

NOTE:

Rewriting the equation in intercept form first may be an easier approach.