

Name: Key

9.1 (intercept form)

Determine the a) whether the graph of the function opens up or down, b) the x-intercepts and c) the axis of symmetry A.O.S.

1) $y = -3(x+2)(x+8)$

- a) down
b) $-2, -8$
c) $x = -5$

3) $y = 5(x-5)(x-7)$

- a) up
b) $5, 7$
c) 6

5) $y = x^2 + 7x + 6 \quad (x+6)(x+1)$

- a) up
b) $-6, -1$
c) $-\frac{7}{2}$

7) $h(x) = 2x^2 + 11x - 6$
 $x^2 + 11x - 12$
 $(x+12)(x-1)$
 $(x+6)(2x-1)$
 a) $-6, \frac{1}{2}$
 b) up
 c) $-\frac{11}{4}$
 $x = \frac{1}{4}$

2) $y = \frac{3}{8}(x-1)(x+9)$

- a) up
b) $1, -9$
c) $x = -4$

4) $y = (x+1)(x+4)$

- a) up
b) $-1, -4$
c) $-\frac{5}{2}$

6) $g(x) = 4x^2 + 12x + 8 \quad 4(x^2 + 3x + 2)$
 $4(x+2)(x+1)$

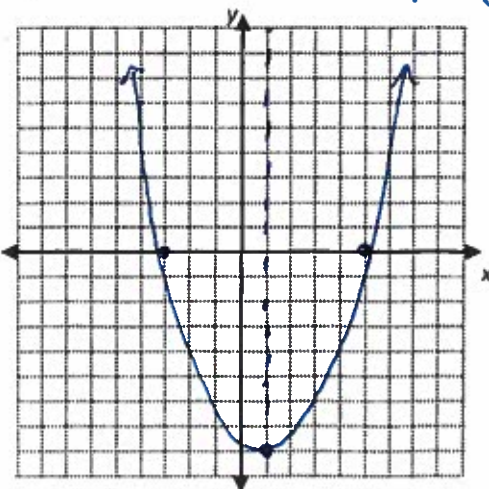
- a) up
b) $-2, -1$
c) $-\frac{3}{2}$

8) $f(x) = -3x^2 - 6x + 9 \quad -3(x^2 + 2x - 3)$
 $-3(x+3)(x-1)$

- a) down
b) $-3, 1$
c) $x = -1$

Graph the quadratic function:

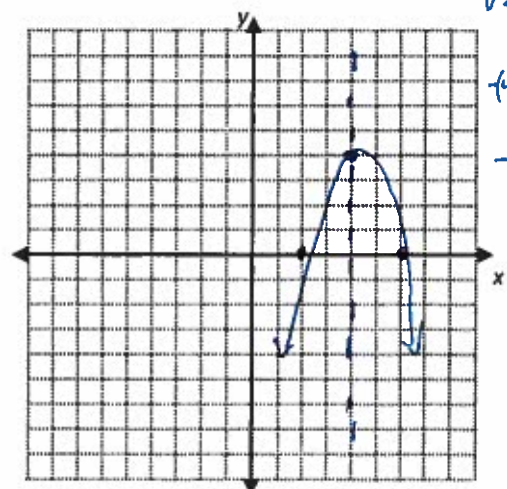
9) $y = \frac{1}{2}(x-5)(x+3)$
 up
 x-int: $5, -3$
 a.o.s: $x = 1$
 $v = (1, -8)$



$\frac{1}{2}(1-5)(1+3)$
 -8

10) $f(x) = -x^2 + 8x - 12$
 $-1(x^2 - 8x + 12)$
 $-1(x-6)(x-2)$

down
 x-int: $6, 2$
 a.o.s: $x = 4$
 $v = (4, 4)$



$-(4)^2 + 8(4) - 12$
 $-16 + 32 - 12$