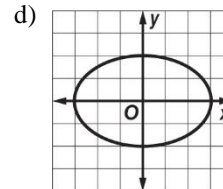
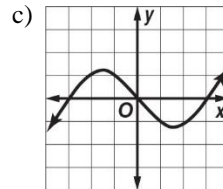
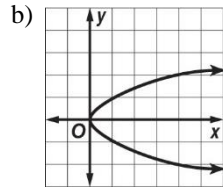
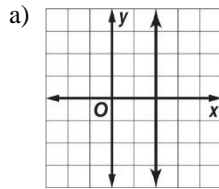


**Part One: Calculator Use Allowed**

For numbers 1 – 4, circle the letter for the correct answer.

1. Which relation is a function? Circle all that apply.



2. Which function has a removable discontinuity?

a)  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+3}$

b)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-4}{x+2}$

c)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+3}$

d)  $f(x) = x^3 - 3$

3. Which of the following results in the graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  being expanded vertically and reflected over the  $x$ -axis?

a)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^2$

b)  $f(x) = -3x^2$

c)  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} + 3$

d)  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}x^2$

4. Which function has an inverse that is also a function?

a)  $f(x) = |x|$

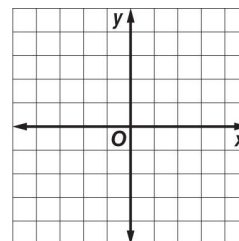
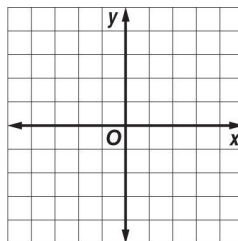
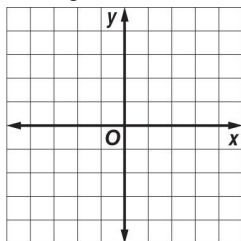
b)  $f(x) = x^2$

c)  $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^2}$

d)  $f(x) = x^3$

5. Given the parent function  $p(x) = x^3$ , what transformation occurs in the graph of  $p(x) = (-3x - 7)^3$ ?

6. Create a graph that represents each type of discontinuity on the graphs below. Your graphs do not have to be based on a specific equation, rough sketches are fine.



7. Given  $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$ , find  $f(4-x)$ .

8. Given the function  $g(x) = 3x^3 - 2x$ :

a. Describe the intervals on which the function is increasing and/or decreasing.

b. Describe the end behavior of the function.

9. What is  $f(-2)$  for  $f(x) = \begin{cases} |4x| & \text{if } x < -2 \\ x^3 - 1 & \text{if } x \geq -2 \end{cases}$ ?

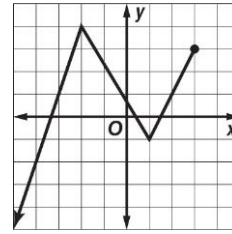
10. Given the function  $f(x) = -x^3 + 2x$ , state: where the function is increasing/decreasing, relative maximum(s) and relative minimum(s), absolute extrema(s) and the end behavior.

11. If  $f(x) = x - 3$  and  $g(x) = 2x - 4$ , find  $(f + g)(x)$  and state its domain.

12. Describe the transformations relating the graph of  $g(x) = \frac{1}{4}(x - 1)^2$  to the graph of its parent function  $f(x) = x^2$ .

**Part Two: No Calculator Allowed**

13. State the domain and range of the function shown. Use interval notation.



14. If  $f(x) = x + 4$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 16}$ , find  $(f \cdot g)(x)$  and its domain and  $(\frac{f}{g})(x)$  and its domain.

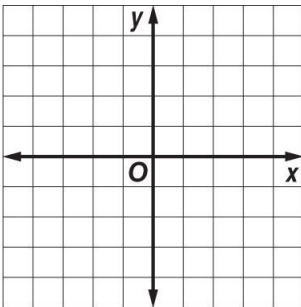
15. If  $f(x) = x + 4$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 16}$ , find  $g(f(x))$ .

16. Find the inverse of  $f(x) = x^3 - 6$  and state its domain.

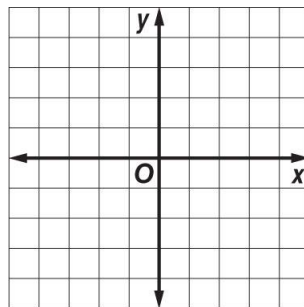
17. Given  $f(x) = 5x^2 + 2$  and  $g(x) = -x + 7$ , find  $f(g(-3))$ .

**Graph each function. Remember not to utilize your graphing calculator ☺.**

18.  $p(x) = (x + 2)^3 - 1$



19.  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}|x + 2| - 1$



20.  $r(x) = 2\sqrt{x - 4} + 2$

