

1. Which term of the arithmetic sequence 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, ..., 113 is 113?

- A) 20th      B) 21st      C) 22nd      D) 23rd

$a_1 = 3$   
 $d = 5$   
 $a_n = 3 + (n-1)(5)$   
 $a_n = 5n - 2$

2. Find the 27th term in the arithmetic sequence -8, 1, 10, ...

- A) 174      B) 226      C) 235      D) 242

$a_1 = -8$   
 $d = 9$   
 $a_n = -8 + (n-1)(9)$   
 $a_n = 9n - 17$   
 $a_{27} = 9(27) - 17 = 226$

3. In an arithmetic sequence, what is  $d$  if  $a_1 = 14$  and  $a_{24} = 50.8$ ?

- A) 1.6      B) 2.1      C) 2.6      D) 3.6

$50.8 = 14 + (24-1)d$        $d = 1.6$

4. Find  $S_{73}$  in the arithmetic series  $-0.2 + 0.3 + 0.8 + \dots$

- A) 3186      B) 1306.7      C) 1299.4      D) 1317.65

$S_{73} = \frac{73}{2} (-0.2 + 35.8)$

$a_1 = -0.2$        $d = 0.5$   
 $a_{73} = -0.2 + (73-1)(0.5)$

5. An employee's salary increases by the same amount each year. If he earned \$77,900 for the seventh year and \$97,500 for the fifteenth year, how much was his pay for the second year?

- A) \$61,100      B) \$63,200      C) \$63,900      D) \$65,650

$77900 = a_1 + (7-1)d$   
 $97500 = a_1 + (15-1)d$   
 $77900 = a_1 + 6d$   
 $97500 = a_1 + 14d$   
 $-77900 = -a_1 - 6d$   
 $19600 = 8d$   
 $d = 2450$   
 $a_1 = 63200$

$a_7 = 77,900$   
 $a_{15} = 97,500$   
 $a_2 = ?$

6. Write  $\sum_{n=2}^4 5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n$  in expanded form and then find the sum.

A)  $5\left(\frac{4}{9}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{9}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{9}\right); \frac{28}{9}$

C)  $5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^1 + 5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 + 5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3; \frac{190}{27}$

B)  $\left(\frac{10}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{10}{3}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{10}{3}\right)^4; \frac{15,700}{81}$

D)  $\left(\frac{20}{9}\right) + \left(\frac{40}{27}\right) + \left(\frac{80}{81}\right); \frac{380}{81}$

$5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 + 5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 + 5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4$   
 $5\left(\frac{4}{9}\right) + 5\left(\frac{8}{27}\right) + 5\left(\frac{16}{81}\right)$

7. Express the series  $0.7 + 0.007 + 0.00007 + \dots$  using sigma notation. *Geo!*

$$a_1 = 0.7$$

$$r = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 0.7 \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^{n-1}$$

8. Given  $a_3 = -16$  and  $a_{27} = -304$  in an arithmetic sequence, find  $a_{64}$ .

$$-16 = a_1 + 2d$$

$$-304 = a_1 + 26d$$

$$+16 = -a_1 - 2d$$

$$\begin{matrix} d = -12 \\ a_1 = 8 \end{matrix}$$

$$a_{64} = 8 + (64-1)(-12)$$

$$= -748$$

9. Find the sum of  $3 - 1 + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{9} + \dots$

$$a_1 = 3$$

$$r = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$S_n = \frac{3}{1 - (-\frac{1}{3})} = \frac{9}{4}$$

10. Find the 40th term of the arithmetic sequence  $7, \frac{22}{5}, \frac{9}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}, \dots$

$$a_1 = 7$$

$$d = -\frac{13}{5}$$

$$a_{40} = 7 + (40-1)\left(-\frac{13}{5}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{472}{5}$$

11. If  $a_1$  is 6 and  $a_{13} = -42$ , find the common difference  $d$ .

$$-42 = 6 + (13-1)d$$

$$d = -4$$

12. Write the arithmetic series using summation notation and then find the sum of the first 30 terms of  $10 + 6.8 + 3.6 + \dots$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{30} -3.2n + 13.2$$

$$S_{30} = \frac{30}{2} (10 + 82.8)$$

$$= -1092$$

$$a_1 = 10$$

$$d = -3.2$$

$$a_n = 10 + (n-1)(-3.2)$$

13. An employee agreed to a salary plan where his annual salary increases by the same amount each year. If he earned \$51,100 for the fifth year and \$64,900 for the eleventh year, how much will he have earned in total after 25 years at his job?

$$a_5 = 51,100 \quad a_{11} = 64,900 \quad a_{25} = ?$$

$$51,100 = a_1 + 4d$$

$$64,900 = a_1 + 10d$$

$$13,800 = 6d$$

$$d = 2300$$

$$a_1 = 41,900$$

$$a_{25} = 41,900 + (25-1)(2300)$$

$$a_{25} = 97,100$$

$$S_{25} = \frac{25}{2} (41,900 + 97,100)$$

$$= \$1,737,500$$

14. Find the sum of the first eight terms in the geometric series  $64 - 32 + 16 - 8 \dots$

$$S_8 = 64 \left( \frac{1 - (-\frac{1}{2})^8}{1 - (-\frac{1}{2})} \right)$$

$$= \frac{85}{2} \text{ or } 42.5$$

$$a_1 = 64$$

$$r = -\frac{1}{2}$$

15. Write  $\sum_{n=2}^7 81\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-2}$  in expanded form. Then find the sum. Geo

$$81\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^0 + 81\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^1 + 81\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + 81\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 + 81\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^4 + 81\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^5 = \frac{182}{3}$$

16. Find  $n$  for  $8+5+2+-1.....$ , where  $a_n = -40$ .

$$a_1 = 8$$

$$d = -3$$

$$-40 = 8 + (n-1)(-3)$$

$$-51 = -3n$$

$$n = 17$$

17. In a geometric series,  $t_3 = 9$  and  $t_6 = 30.375$ , find  $S_{17}$ .

$$9 = a_1 r^2 \quad 30.375 = a_1 r^5$$

$$30.375 = \left(\frac{9}{r^2}\right) r^5$$

$$3.375 = r^3$$

$$1.5 = r$$

$$4 = a_1$$

$$S_{17} = 4 \left( \frac{1 - (1.5)^{17}}{1 - (1.5)} \right)$$

$$27874.09$$

18. Find  $n$  for  $5 - 15 + 45 - 135 \dots$ . If  $S_n = 2735$

$$a_1 = 5$$

$$r = -3$$

$$\text{Geo}$$

$$2735 = 5 \left( \frac{1 - (-3)^n}{1 - (-3)} \right)$$

$$2188 = 1 - (-3)^n$$

$$-2187 = (-3)^n$$

$$\log_3 2187 = n$$

$$n = 7$$

19. Use the series:  $2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + \dots$  find  $n$  when  $S_n = 5150$ .

$$\text{Arith}$$

$$a_1 = 2$$

$$d = 1$$

$$a_n = 2 + (n-1)(1)$$

$$a_n = n + 1$$

$$5150 = \frac{n}{2}(2 + a_n)$$

$$10300 = n(2 + n + 1)$$

$$0 = n^2 + 3n - 10308$$

Quad form / Bin Quad / Graph

20. Determine if each of the following series converges or diverges.

a.  $18, 28, 38, 48, \dots$

$$d = 10$$

$$\text{Diverge}$$

b.  $-3, \frac{12}{5}, -\frac{48}{25}, \frac{192}{125}, \dots$

$$r = -\frac{4}{5}$$

$$C$$

c.  $81, 27, 9, 3, \dots$

$$r = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$C$$

d.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{16}{9} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1}$

$$D$$

Answer Key

- 1) D 2) B 3) A 4) C 5) D 6) D 7)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (0.7)(.01)^{n-1}$  8) -748 9)  $\frac{9}{4}$   
10)  $\frac{-472}{5}$  11) -4 12)  $\sum_{n=1}^{30} -3.2n + 13.2$  ; -1092 13) \$1,737,500 14) 42.5  
15)  $81 - 27 + 9 - 3 + 1 - \frac{1}{3}$  ; Sum =  $\frac{182}{3}$  16) 17 17) 7874.09 18) 7 19) 100

20 a. diverges b. converges c. converges d. diverges

**FORMULAS:**

$$a_n = a_1 + (n - 1)d$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2}(a_1 + a_n)$$

$$a_n = a_1(r)^{n-1}$$

$$S_n = a_1\left(\frac{1-r^n}{1-r}\right)$$

$$S = \frac{a_1}{1-r}$$