

♦ Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative/Summative Assessments 
●Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative Assessments

Introduction of Routines and Baseline Assessments (1-3 Weeks)	Introduce Routines: Think-Pair-Share, Whole Class Discussion, Small Group Discussion, Read Aloud, Shared Reading, Independent Reading, Text Club, Benchmark Vocabulary: Informational, Benchmark Vocabulary: Literary – in Teacher Resource tab of the Teacher's Edition  Administer: Baseline assessment – enter into Mastery Connect											
Standards	Unit 1 Mod A	Unit 1 Mod B	Unit 2 Mod A	Unit 2 Mod B	Unit 3 Mod A	Unit 3 Mod B	Unit 4 Mod A	Unit 4 Mod B	Unit 5 Mod A	Unit 5 Mod B	Unit 6 Mod A	Unit 6 Mod B
Approximate Time Frames per Unit	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks	3 Weeks
	1100					TERATUR		1100.00	11000	1100110	1100.10	1100.10
RL.2.1 Ask and answer such questions as												
who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.	•	*		•	•	•	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	•	*	•	•
RL.2.2 Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral.	•		•	•		•	•			•	•	•
RL.2.3Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges.	•	•	•	•	•	•	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>		•	•	•
RL.2.4 Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.	•	•	•		•	•		•	•		•	
RL.2.5 Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action.	•	•	•	•		•	•			•	•	
RL.2.6 Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.	•		•	•	•	•	•			•		•
RL.2.7 Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.	•		•			•	•			•	•	
RL.K.8 (Not applicable to literature)												
RL.2.9 Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g., Cinderella stories) by different authors or from different cultures.	•						•			•		•
RL.2.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry, in the grades 2–3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•
		READIN	IG STANE	ARDS FO	R INFORM	MATIONAL	TEXT					
Standards	Unit 1 Mod A	Unit 1 Mod B	Unit 2 Mod A	Unit 2 Mod B	Unit 3 Mod A	Unit 3 Mod B	Unit 4 Mod A	Unit 4 Mod B	Unit 5 Mod A	Unit 5 Mod B	Unit 6 Mod A	Unit 6 Mod B
RI.2.1 Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.		*		•	•	•		•	*	*	•	•
RI.2.2 Identify the main topic of a multi- paragraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text.		*		•		٠		•	•	•	•	•
RI.2.3 Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.		•		•	•	•		•		•	•	•
RI.2.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area.		*		•		•		•	•	•	•	•
RI.2.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a		•		•	•	•		•	•	•		•



♦ Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative/Summative Assessments •Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative Assessments text efficiently. RI.2.6 Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, • • ٠ ٠ explain, or describe. RI.2.7 Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text. RI.2.8 Describe how reasons support • specific points the author makes in a text. RI.2.9 Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on • the same topic. RI.2.10 By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 2-3 text • complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. READING STANDARDS FOR FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS Standards Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 6 Unit 6 Mod A Mod B RF.2.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics • • • • • • • • and word analysis skills in decoding words. RF.2.3.a Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-syllable • • • • words. RF.2.3.b Know spelling sound correspondences for additional common • • vowel teams. RF.2.3.c Decode regularly spelled two-• • • • • • syllable words with long vowels. RF.2.3.d Decode words with common • • • • • • • • prefixes and suffixes. RF.2.3.e Identify words with inconsistent but • • • • • common spelling-sound correspondences. RF.2.3.f Recognize and read grade-• • • ٠ ٠ ٠ • • ٠ • • • appropriate irregularly spelled words. RF.2.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and • • • • • fluency to support comprehension. RF.2.4.a Read on-level text with purpose • • • • • • • and understanding. RF.2.4.b. Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression • on successive readings. RF.2.4.c. Use context to confirm or selfcorrect word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. **WRITING STANDARDS** Unit 1 Unit 2 Unit 5 Standards Unit 1 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 6 Unit 6 Unit 2 Unit 3 Mod A Mod B W.2.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., • because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section. W.2.2 Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and ٠ • • definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. W.2.3 Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe • ٠ • • actions, thoughts, and feelings, use

temporal words to signal event order, and



◆ Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative/Summative Assessments
provide a sense of closure.

W.2.4 (Begins in Grade 3)

◆ Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative Assessments

W.2.4 (Begins in Grade 3)

provide a sense of closure.												
W.2.4 (Begins in Grade 3)												
W.2.5 With guidance and support from												
adults and peers, focus on a topic and						<b>A</b>						
strengthen writing as needed by revising			•	•		•				•		
and editing.												
W.2.6 With guidance and support from												
adults, use a variety of digital tools to			_		_	•		_				
produce and publish writing, including in	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
collaboration with peers.												
W.2.7 Participate in shared research and												
writing projects (e.g., read a number of	_		_	_					_		_	_
books on a single topic to produce a report;	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
record science observations).												
W.2.8 Recall information from experiences												
or gather information from provided sources		<b>*</b>	•	<b>*</b>	•	•		<b>*</b>	•	<b>*</b>		<b>♦</b>
to answer a question.						·						·
W.2.9 (Begins in Grade 4)												
W.2.10 (Begins in Grade 4)												
SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS												
Standards	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 5	Unit 6	Unit 6
Clandards	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B
SL.2.1 Participate in collaborative												
conversations with diverse partners about												
grade 2 topics and texts with peers and	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
adults in small and larger groups.												
SL.2.1.a Follow agreed-upon rules for												
discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in	1											
respectful ways, listening to others with				<b>A</b>		<b>A</b>						
care, speaking one at a time about the			•	•		•						
topics and texts under discussion).												
SL.2.1.b Build on others' talk in												
	_	_	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_
conversations by linking their comments to	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
the remarks of others.  SL.2.1.c Ask for clarification and further												
		_										
explanation as needed about the topics and		•	•			•		•		•		•
texts under discussion.												
SL.2.2 Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information												
presented orally or through other media.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
SL.2.3 Ask and answer questions about												
what a speaker says in order to clarify				_								
comprehension, gather additional	•	▼		•		•		•		•		•
information or deepen understanding of a												
topic or issue.	<b>-</b>											
SL.2.4 Tell a story or recount an experience	1											
with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in	•		•	•	•	•	<b>*</b>		<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>♦</b>
coherent sentences.												
SL.2.5 Create audio recordings of	<del>                                     </del>											
stories or poems; add drawings or other												
visual displays to stories or recounts of	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>		<u> </u>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>
experiences when appropriate to clarify	•	▼	*	*	•		<b>*</b>	*	*	•	*	▼
ideas, thoughts, and feelings.												
SL.2.6 Produce complete sentences when	-											
appropriate to task and situation in order to	_	_			•		•	•		_	_	
provide requested detail or clarification.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
provide requested detail of clarification.			1 4 4	NGUAGE S	STANDAD	ne	<u> </u>					
Standards	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 5	Unit 6	Unit 6
Statituatus	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B	Mod A	Mod B
L.2.1 Demonstrate command of the	IVIOU A	IVIOU D	WOU A	WOU D	WOU A	WOU D	IVIOU A	WOU D	IVIOU A	WOU D	IVIOU A	IVIOU D
conventions of standard English grammar	•		•			•	•	•			•	•
and usage when writing or speaking.	•	₩	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	▼
L.2.1.a Use collective nouns	-											
(e.g., group).	•						•					
L.2.1.b Form and use frequently occurring	<u> </u>											
irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children,	•					•	•		•		•	
irrogulai piurai nouno (e.g., ieet, cililuiett,	L		L	ı	l		l	l	ı	l	L	



♦ Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative/Summative Assessments 
●Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative Assessments

◆ Standards Taught and Assessed th	rough Fo	rmative/S	Summative	Assessm	ents •	Standards	Taught a	nd Assesse	d through	1 Formativ	e Assessn	nents
teeth, mice, fish).												
L.2.1.c. Use reflexive pronouns	•						•					
(e.g., myself, ourselves).							•					
L.2.1.d Form and use the past tense of												
frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g.,			•		•		•					
sat, hid, told).												
L.2.1.e Use adjectives and adverbs, and												
choose between them depending on what is	•	<b>*</b>	•		•	•		•	•		•	
to be modified.												
L.2.1.f Produce, expand, and rearrange												
complete simple and compound sentences												
(e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•
boy watched the movie; The action movie	-			_	_	_						
was watched by the little boy).												
L.2.2 Demonstrate command of the												
conventions of standard English												
capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	<b>♦</b>	•	•	•	•	•	<b>♦</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>
when writing.												
L.2.2.a Capitalize holidays, product names,												
and geographic names.					•		•				•	
L.2.2.b. Use commas in greetings and					<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>				
	•			•				•	•			•
closings of letters.			-		-	-	-	-				
L.2.2.c Use an apostrophe to form												
contractions and frequently occurring	•	•	•		1	1	1	•	•		•	
possessives.												
L.2.2.d Generalize learned spelling patterns												
when writing words (e.g., cage → badge;		•		•	•	1	•	•	•		•	•
boy→boil).												
L.2.2.e Consult reference materials,												
including beginning dictionaries, as needed		•	•		•		•	•	•			•
to check and correct spellings.												
L.2.3 Use knowledge of language and its												
conventions when writing, speaking,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
reading, or listening.												
L.2.3.a Compare formal and informal uses												
of English.		•		•		•		•		•		•
L.2.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of			1									
unknown and multiple meaning words and												
phrases based on grade 2 reading and	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>		<b>A</b>	_	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	_	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>
content, choosing flexibly from an array of	•	•	*	*		•	•	•	*	•	•	•
strategies.												
L.2.4.a Use sentence-level context as a clue												
	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•		•	•
to the meaning of a word or phrase.												
L.2.4.b Determine the meaning of					1	1	1	1				
the new word formed when a known prefix				•		•	•		•	•	•	•
is added to a known word (e.g.,												
happy/unhappy, tell/retell).					1	1	1	1				
L.2.4.c Use a known root word as												
a clue to the meaning of an unknown word		•		•	1	•	1	•		•	•	•
with the same root (e.g., addition, additional).												
L.2.4.d Use knowledge of the												
meaning of individual words to predict the												
meaning of compound words (e.g.,					•	1	•	•	•		•	
birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf,												
notebook, bookmark).												
L.2.4.e Use glossaries and beginning		I		I	l	l	l	l			1	
dictionaries, both print and digital, to	_							_		_		
determine or clarify the meaning of words	•	•		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
and phrases.					1	1	1	1				
L.2.5 Demonstrate understanding of word												
relationships and nuances in word	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
meanings.	-			1	1	1	1	1	-	-	_	-
L.2.5.a Identify real-life connections					t	t	t	t				
between words and their use (e.g., describe					1	1	1	1				
foods that are spicy or juicy).											_	
L.2.5.b Distinguish shades of meaning			<del>                                     </del>									
among closely related verbs (e.g., toss,	•						•				•	
throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives	•		•	•	1	1	_	1	•		•	
unow, num and diosely related adjectives		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	L			l	l	<u> </u>	l



♦ Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative/Summative Assessments 
■Standards Taught and Assessed through Formative Assessments

(e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny).												
L.2.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•